

urich^{UZH}



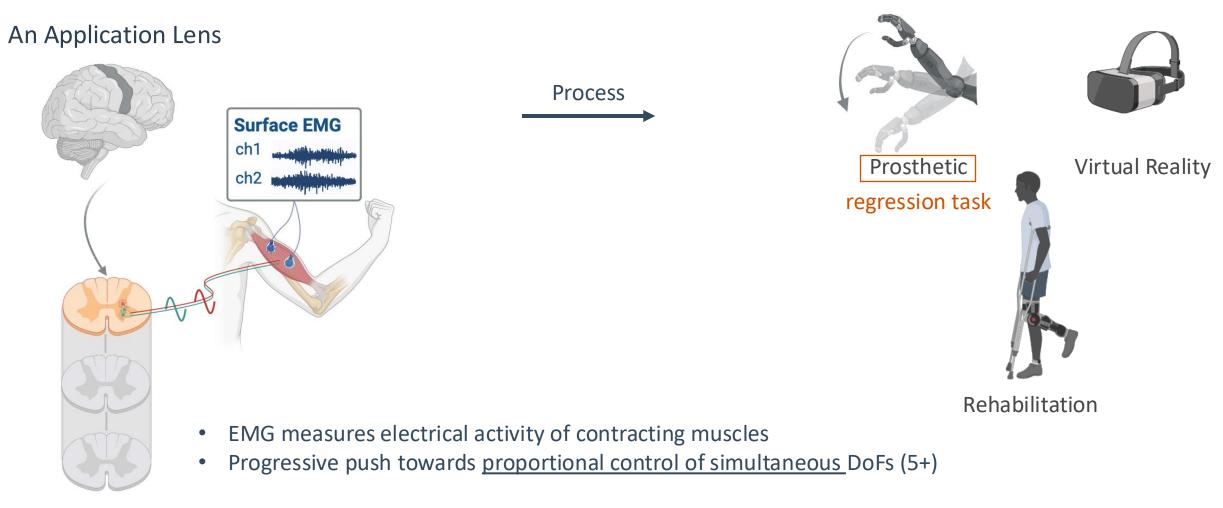
Heterogeneous Population Encoding for Multi-joint Regression

from surface EMG signals

Farah Baracat, Luca Manneschi, Elisa Donati

Neuro Inspired Computational Elements 2025

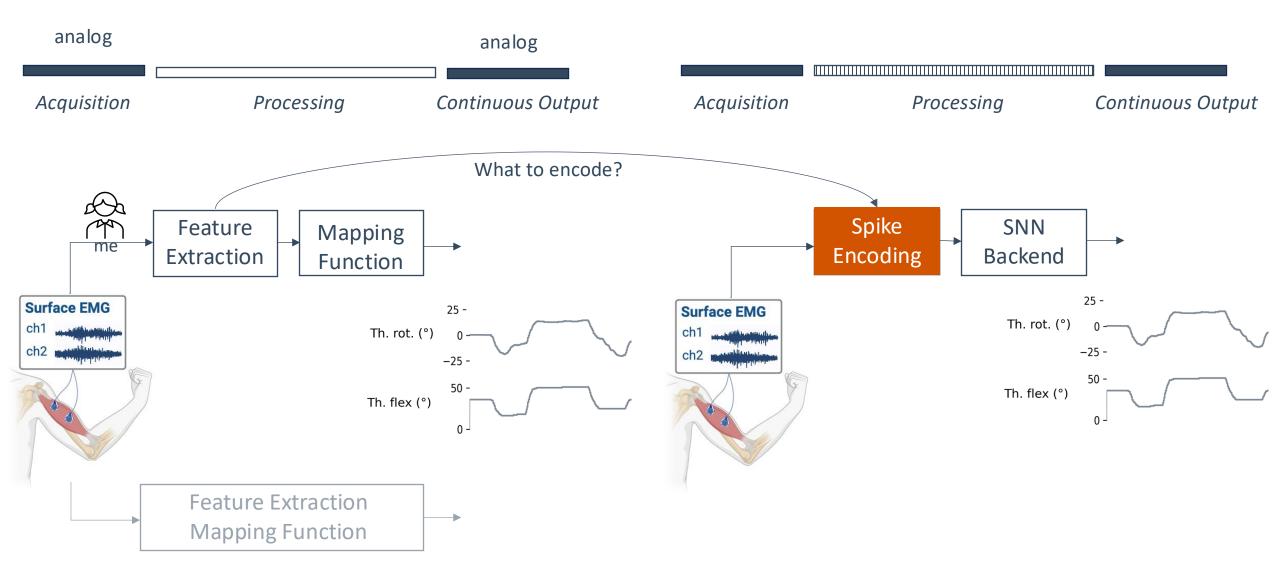




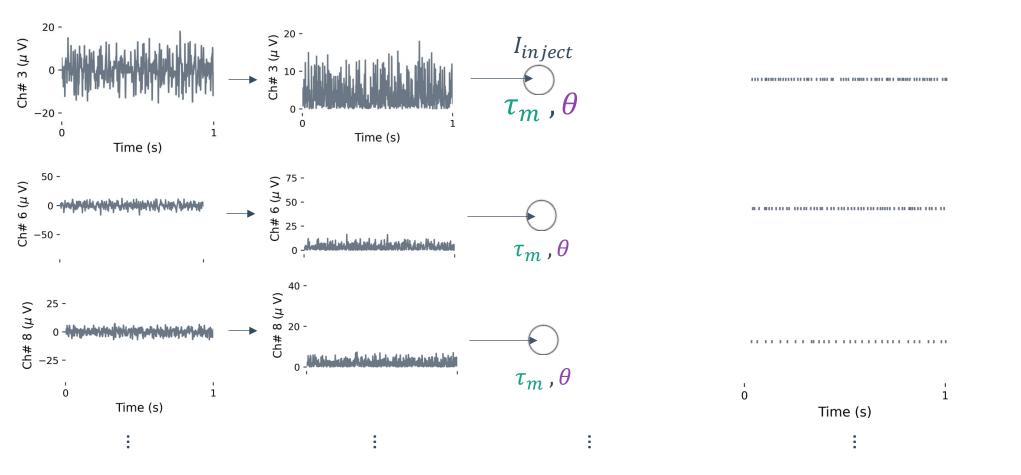
- Requirements
- 1. Reasonable accuracy
- 2. Latency < 200 ms
- 3. Battery-operated

EMG = Electromyography DoF = Degree-of-freedom

Processing EMG: A Bird's-Eye View



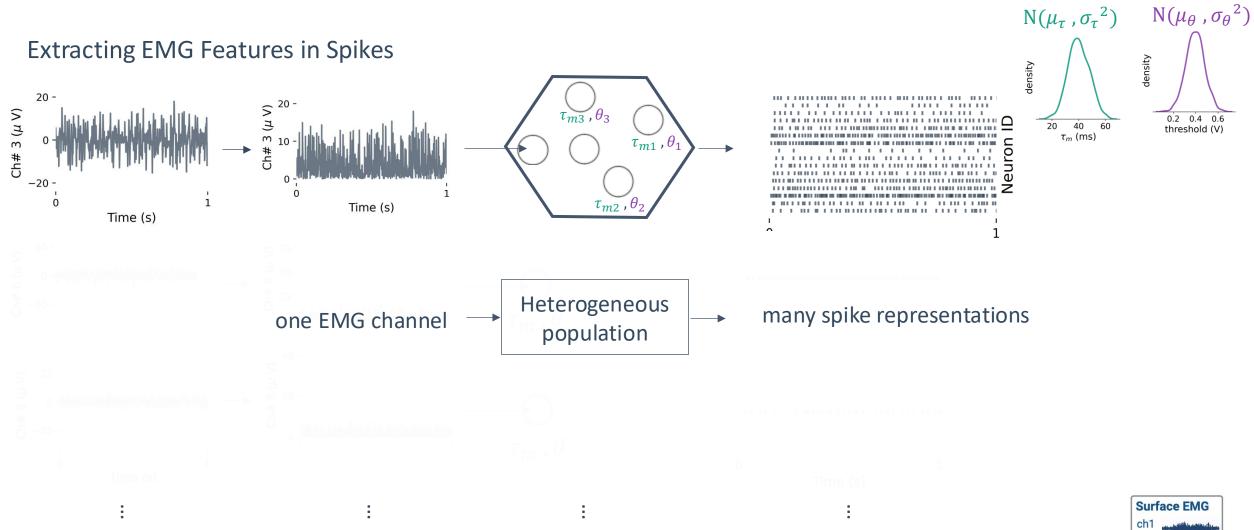
Extracting EMG Features in Spikes



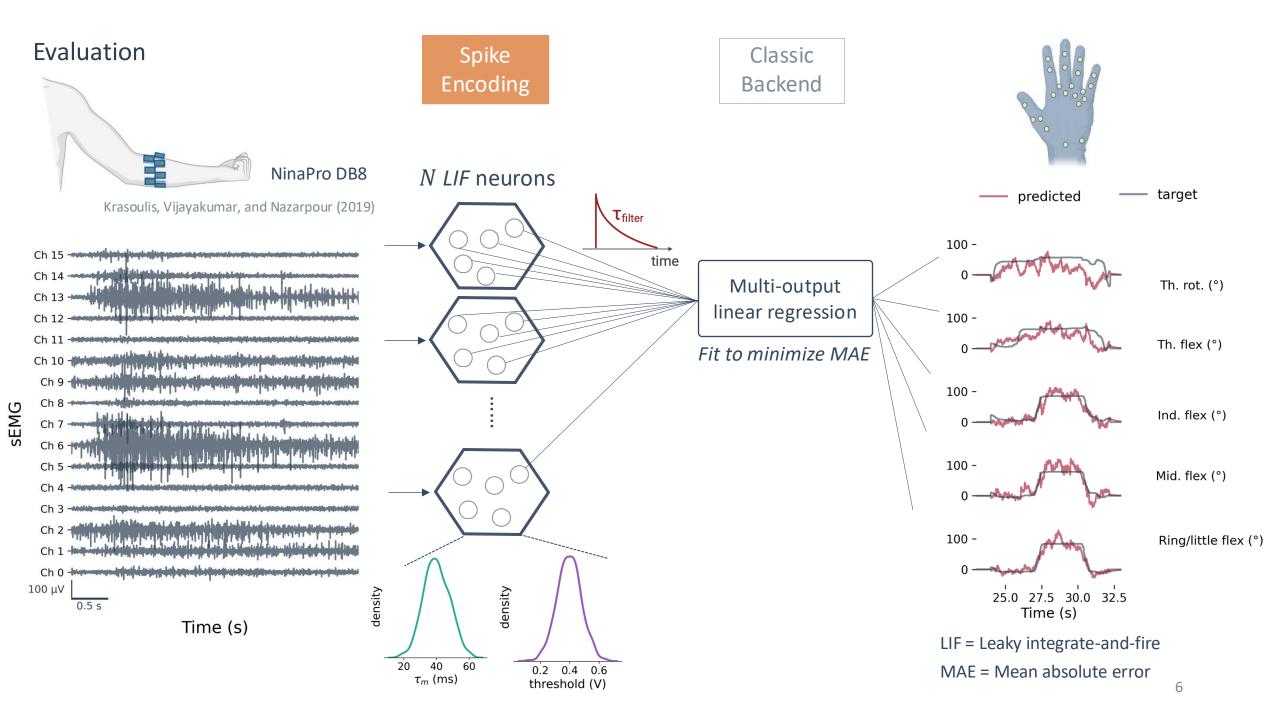
- 'Good' features are related to signal's amplitude (RMS, MAV, power,...)
- Available approaches rely on a single neuron

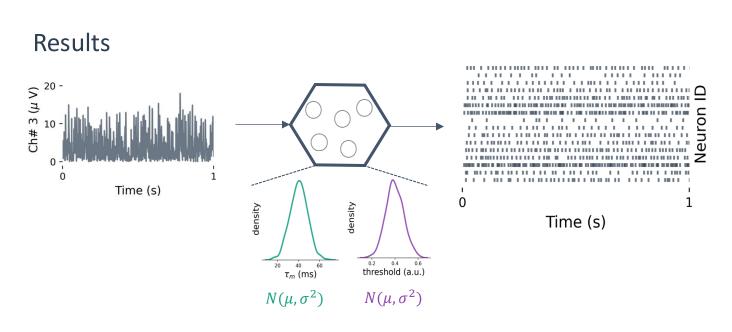
RMS = Root-mean squared MAV = Mean absolute value



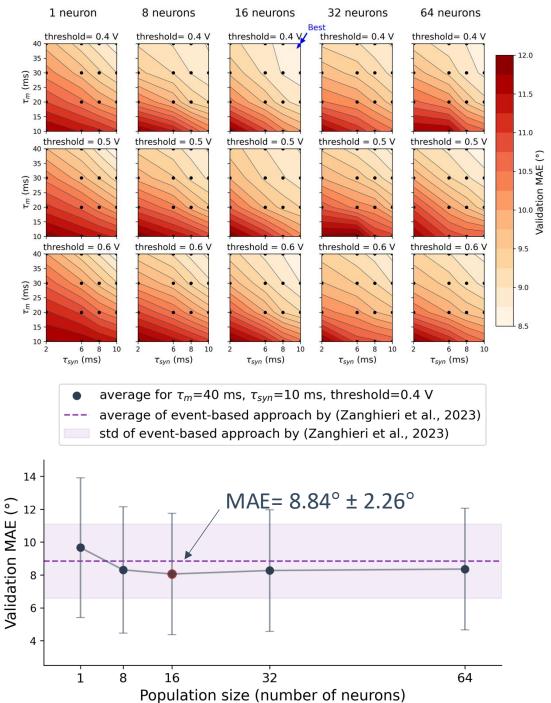


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- Find 'good' operating regime based on few subjects
- Increasing population size saturates performance
- Having heterogeneous neurons allow generalization on unseen subjects



MAE = Mean absolute error

- Avoid optimization of neurons parameters per subject and channel
- Incorporate heterogeneity within the encoding population ...
- Evaluate end-to-end decoding performance on a benchmark EMG dataset
- Heterogeneity seems to work fine but to a certain degree...

But, what is a "sufficient" degree of correlation within population?



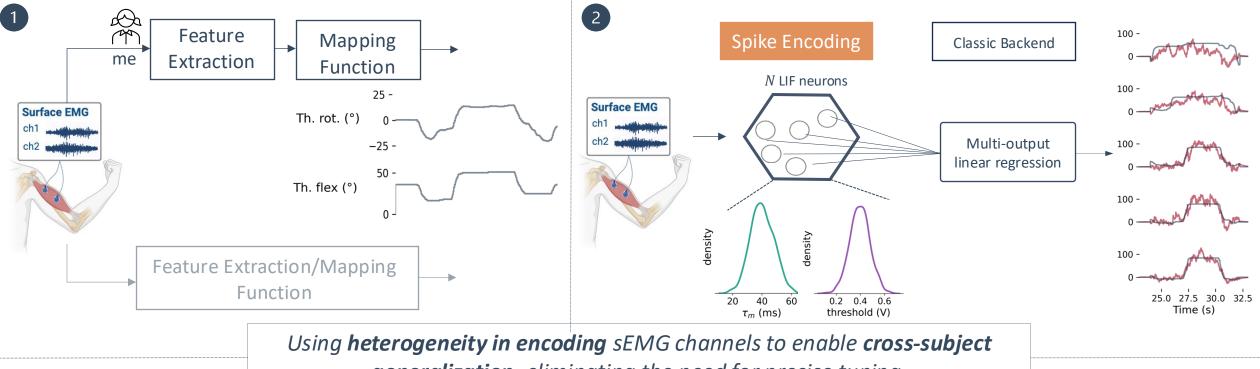
University of ETH zürich

Institute of Neuroinformatics





THANK YOU!



generalization, eliminating the need for precise tuning.

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• average for τ_m =40 ms, τ_{syn} =10 ms, threshold=0.4 V --- average of event-based approach by (Zanghieri et al., 2023) std of event-based approach by (Zanghieri et al., 2023)

